R.E.
How do festivals and family life show
what it means to be a Hindu in Brit-
ain today?
Diwali and its significance to Hindus.

## PE

Dance (Traditional Indian)

- To perform traditional Indian dance arm and hand gestures and footwork movements.
- To learn and rehearse a choreographed dance phrase using traditional Indian dance arm and hand gestures and footwork movements.


## Basketball

- To be able to pass, dribble and pivot in a game situation. .


## Sound Science <br> Sound

- Exploring how sounds are made, associating them with something vibrating
- Vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear
- Finding patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it
- Finding patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it
- Recognising that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases.
- Abstract context. E.g. processes and phenomena such as sound/ electricity. Create labelled diagrams and drawings and physical models.
- Use simple classification keys.
- Linking two variables

DT

## Electrical Systems (Diwali lamps)

- Placing the main stages of making in order
-Exploring and explaining their choice of materials and components including function and aesthetics
- Testing ideas using prototypes and designing and exploring different initial ideas before coming up with a final design. - Explain how particular parts of their products work.


## Year 4 Term 2

Perseverance
Aspiration
Respect
Kindness

## Measurement

## -Finding the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares

## Multiplication and Division

- Recalling multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$ layout
- Solving problems involving multiplying and adding Counting in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000



## Valuing Difference

- Negotiation and 'compromise'
- Managing conflict or differences. R
- Recognising people are different to each other (including ethnicity, gender, religious beliefs, customs and festivals).
- Recognising potential consequences of aggressive behaviour and strategies for dealing with someone who is behaving aggressively.
- Sereotypes, including those promoted in the media.
- Recognising different types of relationships with people they know (e.g. close family, wider family, friends, acquaintances).
- Protecting their rights: personal body space, including non-verbal signals and talking to trusted adults.

| Poetry $\quad$ English |
| :--- |
| -Similes |
| -Metaphors |
| -Rhythm (syllables) |
| Non-chronological report |
| -Introductions |
| -Subordinating conjunctions |
| -Fronted adverbials (place) |

## Geography

## Locational Geography

- The Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn and the Arctic and Antarctic Circle.
- Major countries and their capital cities in Western Europe: Spain (Madrid), Italy (Rome), Germany (Berlin), France (Paris), Norway (Oslo) and Ireland (Dublin).
- Major hills and mountains of the UK: Pen y Fan, Snowdon, Ben Nevis, Scafell Pike and Slieve Donard.

